Company number: 07412677

# Living Well Consortium Ltd.

**Report and financial statements** 

For the year ended 31 March 2022



For the year ended 31 March 2022

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For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### **Reference and administrative information**

Reference and administrative information Status	The organisation is a Company limited by guarantee, incorporated on 19 October 2010.
Company number	07412677
Country of registration	England & Wales
Registered office	Avoca Court 23 Moseley Road Birmingham B12 OHJ
Directors who served during the year	A Dautovic R S Hadley (resigned 14 June 2021) M T Hogg (Chair) L K Masiane L D McKiernan R P Owttrim (resigned 29 April 2022)
Bankers	Unity Trust Bank 4 Brindley Place Birmingham B1 2JB
Solicitors	Hempsons Solicitors 100 Wood Street London EC2V 7AN
Auditor	Sayer Vincent LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Invicta House 108-114 Golden Lane London EC1Y 0TL

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### **Directors' annual report**

#### **Directors' annual report**

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of approval of this report were as follows:

A Dautovic R S Hadley (resigned 14 June 2021) M T Hogg L K Masiane L D McKiernan R P Owttrim (resigned 29 April 2022)

The directors have no interest in the Company it being limited by guarantee.

#### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the Company is that of health activities, including services to improve people's mental health and wellbeing.

#### **Responsibilities of the directors**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law and regulations). Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- Make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- State whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Company will continue in operation

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### **Directors' annual report**

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Each of the directors confirms to the best of his or her knowledge that there is no information relevant to the audit of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors also confirms that he/ she has taken all necessary steps to ensure that he/ she is aware of all relevant audit information and that this information has been communicated to the auditor.

#### Auditor

Sayer Vincent LLP was re-appointed as the Company's auditor during the previous year and has expressed its willingness to continue in that capacity.

The directors' annual report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Approved by the directors on 6 December 2022 and signed on their behalf by

M Hogg

Chair

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Independent auditor's report

# Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Living Well Consortium Ltd. (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the statement of income and retained earnings, balance sheet, and the notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- Give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its loss for the year then ended
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice
- Have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on Living Well Consortium Ltd.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# **Other information**

The other information comprises the information included in the directors' annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Independent auditor's report

otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- The information given in the directors' annual report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- The directors' annual report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' annual report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- Adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- Certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- We have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- The directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' annual report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

#### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities set out in the directors' annual report, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Independent auditor's report

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud are set out below.

# Capability of the audit in detecting irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following:

- We enquired of management, which included obtaining and reviewing supporting documentation, concerning the company's policies and procedures relating to:
  - Identifying, evaluating, and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance;
  - Detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected, or alleged fraud;
  - The internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- We inspected the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.
- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, focusing on those laws and regulations that had a material effect on the financial statements or that had a fundamental effect on the operations of the company from our professional and sector experience.
- We communicated applicable laws and regulations throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.
- We reviewed any reports made to regulators.
- We reviewed the financial statement disclosures and tested these to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- We performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments, assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias and tested significant transactions that are unusual or those outside the normal course of business.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Independent auditor's report

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Fleur Holden (Senior statutory auditor) Date: **15 December 2022** for and on behalf of Sayer Vincent LLP, Statutory Auditor Invicta House, 108-114 Golden Lane, LONDON, ECIY OTL

For the year ended 31 March 2022

# Statement of income and retained earnings

Statement of income and retained earnings

	Note	2021/22	2020/21
		Total	Total
		£	£
Turnover	2	4,600,995	4,102,676
Cost of Sales		(3,606,432)	(3,374,654)
Gross surplus		994,563	728,023
Administrative expenses		(921,509)	(827,400)
Surplus/(deficit) on ordinary activities before interest and taxation	3	73,054	(99,377)
Profit on disposal of Fixed Assets		178	244
Interest receivable and similar income		-	-
Surplus/(deficit) on ordinary activities before taxation		73,232	(99,133)
Taxation on profits on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(expenditure)		73,232	(99,133)
Retained earnings			
Accumulated surplus at start of year		312,627	411,760
Total comprehensive income/expenditure) for the year		73,232	(99,133)
Distribution under gift aid to parent charity		-	-
Accumulated surplus at end of year		385,859	312,627

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### Company number 07412677

	Note		2021/22		2020/21
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets:					
Property, plant and equipment	6		8,459		15,385
			8,459		15,385
Current assets:					
Debtors	7	2,659,924		1,028,821	
Cash at bank and in hand		24,129		188,145	
		2,684,053		1,216,966	
Creditors:					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	2,306,653		919,724	
Net current assets			377,400		297,242
Total assets less current liabilities			385,859		312,627
Net assets			385,859		312,627
Reserves					
Retained earnings			385,859		312,627
Total reserves			385,859		312,627

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to small companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 6 December 2022 and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors:

.....

M Hogg Chair

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### a) Statutory information

Living Well Consortium Ltd. is a Company limited by guarantee and incorporated in England and Wales.

The registered office address and principal place of business is 23 Moseley Road, Birmingham, B12 OHJ.

#### b) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 – The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors have taken advantage of the reduced disclosure framework exemptions as noted in FRS 102 section 1.12. Under FRS 102 1.12 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a qualifying entity and its parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Living Well UK, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which are wholly-owned within the group. The consolidated financial statements of Living Well UK, within which this Company is included, can be obtained from the address given in note 11. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

# c) Estimates and judgements

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The nature of the estimation means the actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. Any significant estimates and judgements affecting these financial statements are detailed within the relevant accounting policy below.

# d) Going concern

The directors consider that there are no material uncertainties about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The key sources of income have not been significantly negatively impacted during the COVID-19 Coronavirus outbreak, and there are reasonably secure income sources into the next reporting year such as new contract opportunities which the Company has been able to take advantage of.

#### e) Income

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### f) Interest receivable

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the Company; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the bank.

## g) Operating leases

Rental charges are charged on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

# h) Property, plant and equipment

Items of equipment are capitalised where the purchase price exceeds £500. Assets are reviewed for impairment if circumstances indicate their carrying value may exceed their net realisable value and value in use.

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all equipment over their expected useful lives using a straight-line method.

3 years

The useful lives applicable are:

- Computer equipment
- Furniture and fixtures 3 years

#### i) Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

# j) Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

# k) Creditors and provisions

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### I) Financial instruments

The Company only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Notes to the financial statements

# 2 Turnover

Turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the Company.

# 3 Surplus/(deficit) before tax is stated after charging/(crediting):

		2021/22	2020/21
		£	£
Auditor's remu	neration (excluding VAT)		
	Audit	10,200	9,700
	Other services	1,000	875
Depreciation		8,415	8,898
Operating lease	e rentals:		
	Property	17,550	17,550
	Other	624	624

# 4 Directors' and employees' costs and emoluments

No emoluments are paid to any director.

Staff costs during the year were as follows:

	2021/22	2020/21
	£	£
Wages and salaries	597,167	497,178
Social security costs	48,470	39,499
Pension costs	10,200	10,795
	655,837	547,473

The average number of employees (head count based on number of staff employed) during the year was as follows:

	2021/22	2020/21	
	Number	Number	
Administration	21	13	
Management	7	7	
Technical	3	1	
	31	21	

For the year ended 31 March 2022

# Notes to the financial statements

# 5 Taxation

	2021/22	2020/21
	£	£
UK corporation tax at 19% (2020/21: 19%)	_	-
Tax on results of ordinary activities	-	-

Any profits may be paid to the parent entity by way of a distribution under gift aid and a corresponding tax credit is recorded at the point of the distribution, therefore there is no liability to corporation tax in the current financial year.

# 6 Property, plant and equipment

	Computer equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At the start of the year	36,922	4,173	41,095
Additions in the year	1,933	-	1,933
Disposals in the year	(543)	-	(543)
At the end of the year	38,312	4,173	42,485
Depreciation			
At the start of the year	22,954	2,756	25,710
Charge for the year	7,399	1,016	8,415
Disposals in the year	(99)	-	(99)
At the end of the year	30,254	3,772	34,026
Net book value			
At the start of the year	13,968	1,417	15,385
At the end of the year	8,058	401	8,459

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Notes to the financial statements

7 Debtors		
	2021/22	2020/21
	£	£
Trade debtors	2,352,643	860,529
Other debtors	165,356	30,644
Prepayments	141,925	137,648
	2,659,924	1,028,821

#### 8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021/22	2020/21
	£	£
Trade creditors	241,567	576,983
Taxation and social security	474,077	54,220
Accruals	258,002	153,272
Deferred income	1,306,370	16,456
Amounts owed to group undertakings	26,637	118,793
	2,306,653	919,724

#### 9 Related party transactions

Related party transactions are all carried out at arms' length.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemptions not to disclose any transactions with its parent undertaking conferred by FRS 102 on the grounds that the Company's results are included in the consolidated results of the parent undertaking.

Amra Dautovic, (a Director of Living Well Consortium) is also Managing Director of MyTime, linked to Richmond Fellowship, which provided services to LWC during the financial year; the total amount invoiced by Richmond to LWC during the year totalled £232,606 (2020/21: £321,483). The amount owed by LWC to Richmond Fellowship at 31 March 2022 was £6,760 (at 31 March 2021: £nil).

Martin Hogg, (a Director (and Chair) of Living Well Consortium) is also CEO of Citizen Coaching, which provided services to LWC during the financial year; the total amount invoiced from Citizen Coaching to LWC during the year totalled £861,306 (2020/21: £724,745). The amount owed by LWC to Citizen Coaching at 31 March 2022 was £69,858 (at 31 March 2021: £81,555).

Lovemore Masiane, (a Director of Living Well Consortium and a Trustee of the parent charity Living Well UK) is associated with Our Roots, which provided services to LWC during the financial year; the total amount invoiced from Our Roots to LWC during the year totalled £1,575,816 (2020/21: £1,703,562). The amount owed by LWC to Our Roots CIC at 31 March 2022 was £130,636 (at 31 March 2020: £186,726).

For the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Notes to the financial statements

Louise McKiernan, (a Trustee of Living Well UK, and a Director of Living Well Consortium) is CEO of Disability Resource Centre (DRC), which provided services to LWC during the financial year; the amount invoiced from DRC to LWC during the year totalled £15,110 (2020/21: £12,530). The amount owed by LWC to DRC at 31 March 2022 was £nil (at 31 March 2021: £nil).

Ronald Owttrim (a former director of Living Well Consortium) was also a named director of Health Exchange Limited (HEX), which provided services to LWC during the financial year; the amount invoiced from HEX to LWC during the year totalled £231,103 (2020/21: £402,767). The amount owed by LWC to HEX at 31 March 2022 was £nil (at 31 March 2021: £nil).

There were no balances due to or from the above-named individuals at the balance sheet date.

#### 10 Operating lease commitments

The Company's total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Other	Property	Other	Property
	2021/22	2021/22	2020/21	2020/21
	£	£	£	£
Less than one year	624	35,550	624	17,550
Two to five years	2,028	-	2,652	-
	2,652	35,550	3,276	17,550

## 11 Ultimate controlling party

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Living Well UK, a registered Charitable Incorporated Organisation (registered number 1179472). Copies of the consolidated financial statements are available from the Charity Commission.